

LICENSING COMMITTEE

PROCEDURAL RULES FOR THE HEARING OF LICENSING ACT 2003 APPLICATIONS

1 Purpose

- 1.1 These rules have been prepared to facilitate proper consideration of licence applications, made under the Licensing Act 2003, by the Licensing Committee and its Sub Committees.
- 1.2 The rules set out a framework for how applications are to be heard and explain the role of the participants at the Hearing.

2 Definitions

- 2.1 The following definitions describe the participants at and the subject matter of a Hearing:

“Applicant” means the person who has submitted an Application for consideration by the Committee.

“Applicant’s Premises” means premises subject to the Application.

“Applicant’s Representative” means a person attending a Hearing to assist or represent an Applicant including a lawyer.

“Application” means an application for the Grant/Variation/Transfer/Review and any other decision to be made by the Committee/Sub-Committee in respect of a Licence.

“Chairperson” means the Member who is the Chairperson of the Committee for the particular Hearing.

“Committee” means the Council’s Licensing Committee and includes any Sub Committee of the Licensing Committee.

“Committee Lawyer” means the Council’s Lawyer (including an external Lawyer instructed by the Council’s Legal & Democratic Services Manager) who is present at a Hearing to advise the Chairperson and the Members.

“Committee Manager” means the Council’s Officer who is present at a Hearing to take minutes.

“Committee Report” means the Licensing Officer’s written report to the Committee concerning an Application, a copy of which has been previously made available to the Applicant or their Representative, a Responsible

Authority or their Representative or any person who has made a Relevant Representation or their Representative.

“Hearing” means a meeting of the Committee at which an Application is considered.

“Licence” means a Licence which the Committee has the power or duty inter alia to grant, transfer, suspend or revoke.

“Licensing Officer” means the Council’s Licensing Officer(s) who is/are present at a Hearing to present reports in respect of an Application and to give technical advice in respect of an Application to the Committee when requested.

“Licensing Authority” the Council in whose geographical area the subject matter of the Application relates to, and includes the Council’s Licensing Committee, any Sub Committee of the Licensing Committee and a Licensing Officer.

“Member” means a Member who is a Member of the Committee that is considering an Application.

“Person making a Relevant Representation” means a person who is present at a Hearing to make representations in respect of an Application and includes any person who is present to assist or make representations on behalf of that person including a Lawyer.

“Responsible Authority” means a person who is present at a Hearing to make representations in respect of an Application in their capacity as Responsible Authority and includes any person who is present to assist or make representations on behalf of the Responsible Authority including a Lawyer.

3 Key Principles

- 3.1 The principles of ‘natural justice’, and Article 6 ‘Right to a Fair Trial’, which is one of the Convention Rights in the Human Rights Act 1998, require that there is a fair Hearing of Applications.
- 3.2 Natural justice is an umbrella term for the legal standards of basic fairness. This will include that:
 - 3.2.1 the Applicant has an opportunity to make representations before a decision is made;
 - 3.2.2 those making representations have an opportunity to voice their representations before a decision is made;
 - 3.2.3 the Applicant has an adequate opportunity to consider and respond to any submissions made by a Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation;

- 3.2.4 the Committee does not exclude an Applicant from a Hearing in order to consider submissions from a Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation.
- 3.3 It is also fundamental that there is an orderly presentation of submissions at a Hearing so that the relevant issues are properly understood, evidence is tested and that oral statements made at the Hearing are accurately recorded.
- 3.4 Ultimately the Chairperson determines the application of these rules, having regard to any submissions being made by those present and in particular the Committee Lawyer.

4 The Hearing

- 4.1 The Hearing shall take place in public.
 - 4.1.1 The Committee may exclude the public from all or part of the Hearing where it considers it to be in the public interest to do so and, in accordance with the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985, as amended. Public includes a party and any person assisting or representing a party.
 - 4.1.2 The Committee may require any person attending the Hearing who, in its opinion, is behaving in a disruptive manner, to leave the Hearing and may:
 - A refuse to permit them to return;
 - B permit them to return only on such conditions as the Committee may specify;
 - C in the event that a person is required to leave a Hearing that person may, before the end of the Hearing, submit to the Committee in writing any information which they would have given orally.
- 4.2 Prior to the Hearing commencing, the Chairperson shall advise the parties of the procedure it proposes to follow at the Hearing.
- 4.3 Where a party has previously requested permission for a person(s), other than their representative, to appear at the Hearing then the Committee shall consider whether to permit that request.
- 4.4 The Committee will allow the parties an equal maximum period of time in which to exercise their rights.
- 4.5 This equal maximum time may have been notified in advance of the Hearing;
- 4.6 Where there are a number of people who have attended the Hearing to make the same representation then the Committee would normally require that a spokesperson be appointed by them to make the representations on behalf of all of those who have made Relevant Representations .

5 Presentation of Submissions

- 5.1 The Chairperson will introduce the Application.
- 5.2 In the event that the Licensing Authority has given notice to a party requiring clarification on a point(s) then that party shall respond to the points raised by the Licensing Authority.
- 5.3 Submissions shall be made in the following order unless the Chairperson directs otherwise:
 - 5.3.1 The Licensing Officer will orally present the Committee Report and will in particular advise the Committee as to:
 - A the options available to it;
 - B the considerations that are relevant in reaching its decision.
 - 5.3.2 The Applicant (or the Applicant's Representative) will orally present its submission which may include:
 - A presenting their case in accordance with the papers, which will have been circulated with Agenda papers;
 - B confirming key information and answer pertinent questions; and
 - C calling witnesses in support of the Application (see paragraph 4.3).
 - 5.3.3 A Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation will orally present their representations in turn which shall include:
 - A the grounds of the representation to the Application; and
 - B any condition(s) that the Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation would be happy to have the Application granted subject to which would cause the representation to be withdrawn.

6 Questioning of Submissions

- 6.1 The Chairperson will regulate the order in which questions are asked by Members.
- 6.2 The Chairperson and Members, voiced through the Chairperson, may question any party following the completion of their submission.
- 6.3 The Chairperson will normally permit the Applicant, a Responsible Authority/Authorities or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation to ask questions through them of the other parties.
- 6.4 The Chairperson may direct that questions which are not relevant to the Application or one of the four Licensing Objectives are not formally put or answered.

7 Documentation

- 7.1 No party shall present new documentation to the Committee at the Hearing other than with the consent of all of the other parties. This does not preclude the Licensing Officer from correcting errors, providing updated information or an extract from a local map showing the Applicant's Premises in the context of the surrounding premises and any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation . If any party is granted permission to present supplementary papers at the Hearing they shall provide at least 10 copies at the start of their submission.

8 Intervention

The Chairperson shall permit the following interventions at any point in the Hearing:

- 8.1 The Committee Lawyer to advise the Committee on issues of law, procedure and relevant considerations on decision making. If necessary, the Chairperson may require the Committee, the Committee Lawyer and the Committee Manager to leave the Hearing so that advice can be given.
- 8.2 The Committee Manager to advise the Committee on procedure generally, or to request that statements made are repeated for reasons of clarity and so that they can be properly recorded.
- 8.3 The Licensing Officer to seek to clarify statements that have been made in light of information held on their file.

9 Failure of Parties to Attend Hearing

- 9.1 If a party has informed the Licensing Authority that it does not intend to attend or be represented at a Hearing, the Hearing may proceed in its absence.
- 9.2 If a party has not indicated that it does not intend to attend or be represented at a Hearing and fails to attend or be represented at the Hearing then the Licensing Authority may:
- 9.2.1 where it considers it be necessary in the public interest, adjourn the Hearing to a specified date; or
- 9.2.2 hold the Hearing in the party's absence.
- 9.3 Where the Licensing Authority holds a Hearing in the absence of a party, it shall consider at the Hearing the application, representations or notice made by that party.

10 Closing Submissions

- 10.1 The Chairperson shall allow first, the Responsible Authority/Authorities and any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation to make a closing oral submission(s) and secondly invite the Applicant or the Applicant's Representative an opportunity to make an oral closing submission in support of the Application.

11 Decision

- 11.1 The Committee, the Committee Lawyer and the Committee Manager, shall retire so that the decision may be considered in private, and to consider any legal issues raised by the Members.
- 11.2 The decision, and reasons for the decision, of the Committee shall be communicated orally by the Chairperson to the parties after the Committee has deliberated in private on the Application.
- 11.3 Written reasons shall be provided soon after the deliberations of the Application and in any event within the statutory time limits.

Hearing Procedure Summary

1. The Democratic Services Officer will request nominations for a Chairman for the Hearing.
2. The Chairperson welcomes all those present and introduces the Application.
3. The Chairperson introduces the Applicant, Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation.
4. The Chairperson outlines the Hearing Procedure.
5. The Licensing Officer presents the Committee Report.
6. The Applicant addresses the Sub Committee.
7. Questions to the Applicant by Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation.
8. Questions to the Applicant by Members of the Sub Committee.
9. Comments by Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation.
10. Questions by Applicant.
11. Questions to Responsible Authority/Authorities and/or any person/s who have made a Relevant Representation by Members of the Sub Committee.
12. Summing up by Parties who have made representations.
13. Summing up by Applicant.
14. Sub Committee retires with the Committee Lawyer and Committee Manager to consider its decision.
15. Sub Committee returns and the Lawyer gives a summary of any legal advice that may have been given to the Committee.
16. The Chairperson either gives the decision with reasons, or advises that it will be released in writing with reasons within the statutory time limits.